## **Federal Maritime Commission**

## VERIFICATION

[See form for verification of complaint in Exhibit No. 1 to this subpart and §502.112.]

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[See §502.114.]

EXHIBIT NO. 3 TO SUBPART E [§ 502.72] OF PART 502—PETITION FOR LEAVE TO INTERVENE

Before the Federal Maritime Commission

Petitio	n for Leave To Intervene
77	Docket No

v	•	_ DOOM	00 110	· —	•			
Your					petitioner,			
				_, re	spectfu	11y	rep-	
resents	that 1	he (she	) has	s an i	interes	t in	the	
matters	in co	ntrovei	sy ii	n the	above-	enti	tled	
proceed	ing ar	nd desi	res t	o int	ervene	in	and	
become	a par	ty to	said	proce	eding,	and	for	
grounds	of the	nrono	sed in	nterv	ention	savs	٠.	

- I. That petitioner is [State whether an association, corporation, firm, or partnership, etc., as in Exhibit No. 1 to this subpart, and nature and principal place of business].
- II. [Here set out specifically position and interest of petitioner in the above-entitled proceeding and other essential averments in accordance with Rule 72 (46 CFR 502.72).]

Wherefore said \_\_\_\_\_\_ requests leave to intervene and be treated as a party hereto with the right to have notice of and appear at the taking of testimony, produce and cross-examine witnesses, and be heard in person or by counsel upon brief and at the oral argument, if oral argument is granted.

[If affirmative relief is sought, insert appropriate request here.]

 $_{-}$ , this  $_{-}$ 

day of	, 19
Petitioner's signature	p]
Office and post office	address]

[Signature of agent or attorney of petitioner]

[Post office address]

Dated at \_\_\_

VERIFICATION AND CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE [See Exhibits Nos. 1 and 2 to this subpart.]

## Subpart F—Settlement; Prehearing Procedure

## § 502.91 Opportunity for informal settlement.

- (a) Parties are encouraged to make use of all the procedures of this part which are designed to simplify or avoid formal litigation, and to assist the parties in reaching settlements whenever it appears that a particular procedure would be helpful.
- (b) Where time, the nature of the proceeding, and the public interest permit, all interested parties shall have the opportunity for the submission and consideration of facts, argument, offers of settlement, or proposal of adjustment, without prejudice to the rights of the parties.
- (c) No stipulation, offer, or proposal shall be admissible in evidence over the objection of any party in any hearing on the matter. [Rule 91.]
- (d) As soon as practicable after the commencement of any proceeding, the presiding judge shall direct the parties or their representatives to consider the use of alternative dispute resolution, including but not limited to mediation, and may direct the parties or their representatives to consult with the Fedral Maritime Commission Alternative Dispute Resolution Specialist about the feasibility of alternative dispute resolution.
- (e) Any party may request that a mediator or other neutral be appointed to assist the parties in reaching a settlement. If such a request or suggestion is made and is not opposed, the presiding judge will appoint a mediator or other neutral who is acceptable to all parties, coordinating with the Federal Maritime Commission Alternative Dispute Resolution Specialist. The mediator or other neutral shall convene and conduct one or more mediation or other sessions with the parties and shall inform the presiding judge, within the time prescribed by the presiding judge, whether the dispute resolution proceeding resulted in a resolution or not, and may make recommendations as to future proceedings. If settlement is reached, it shall be submitted to the presiding judge who shall issue an appropriate decision or ruling. All such